

# Gender-dependent GMM-UBM for tracking Parkinson's disease progression from speech



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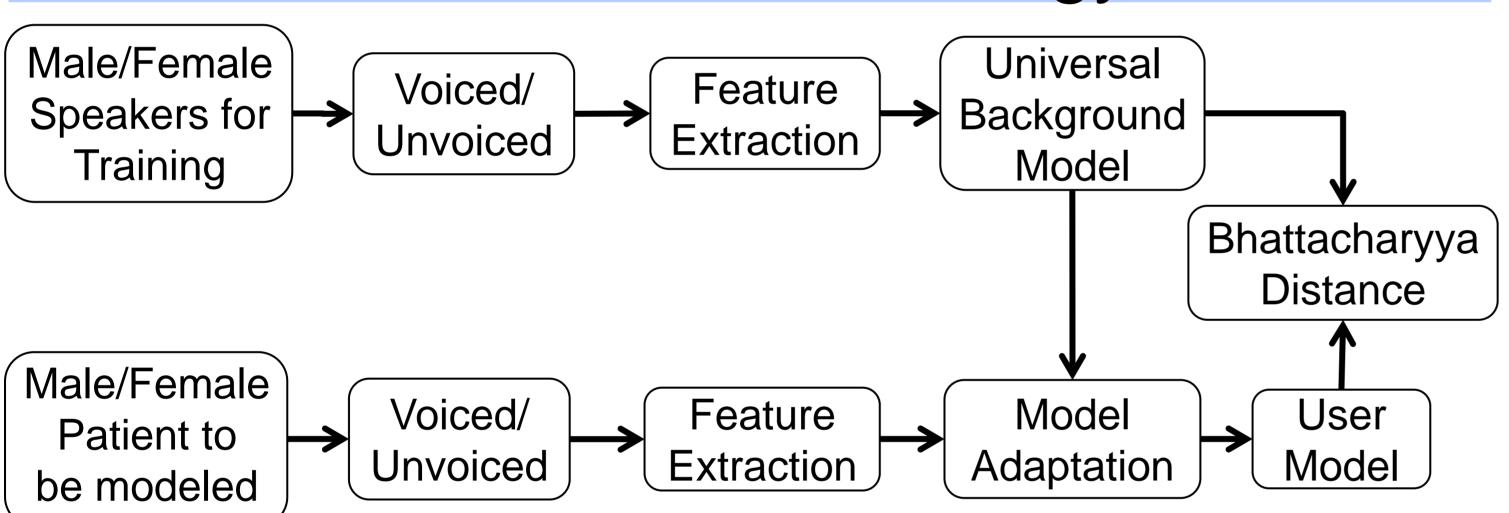


Parkinson's disease (PD) severity is evaluated by neurologist experts using the Movement Disorder Society-Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (MDS-UPDRS). The main hypothesis is that changes in the speech of PD patients (PP) reflect changes in their neurological state. The Gaussian Mixture Model-Universal Background Model (GMM-UBM) approach is used to track the disease progression of 3 male and 4 female patients. Information from healthy controls (HC) is also considered to train the models.

### Introduction

- > The progression of PD and the symptoms vary among the patients.
- ➤ We propose a method to track the PD progression from speech signals collected in three recording sessions (2012, 2014, 2015), following a user-modeling approach.
- Some work suggests that gender separability can be used as a preprocessing stage for a more accurate design of gender-dependent pathology detection systems.

## General methodology

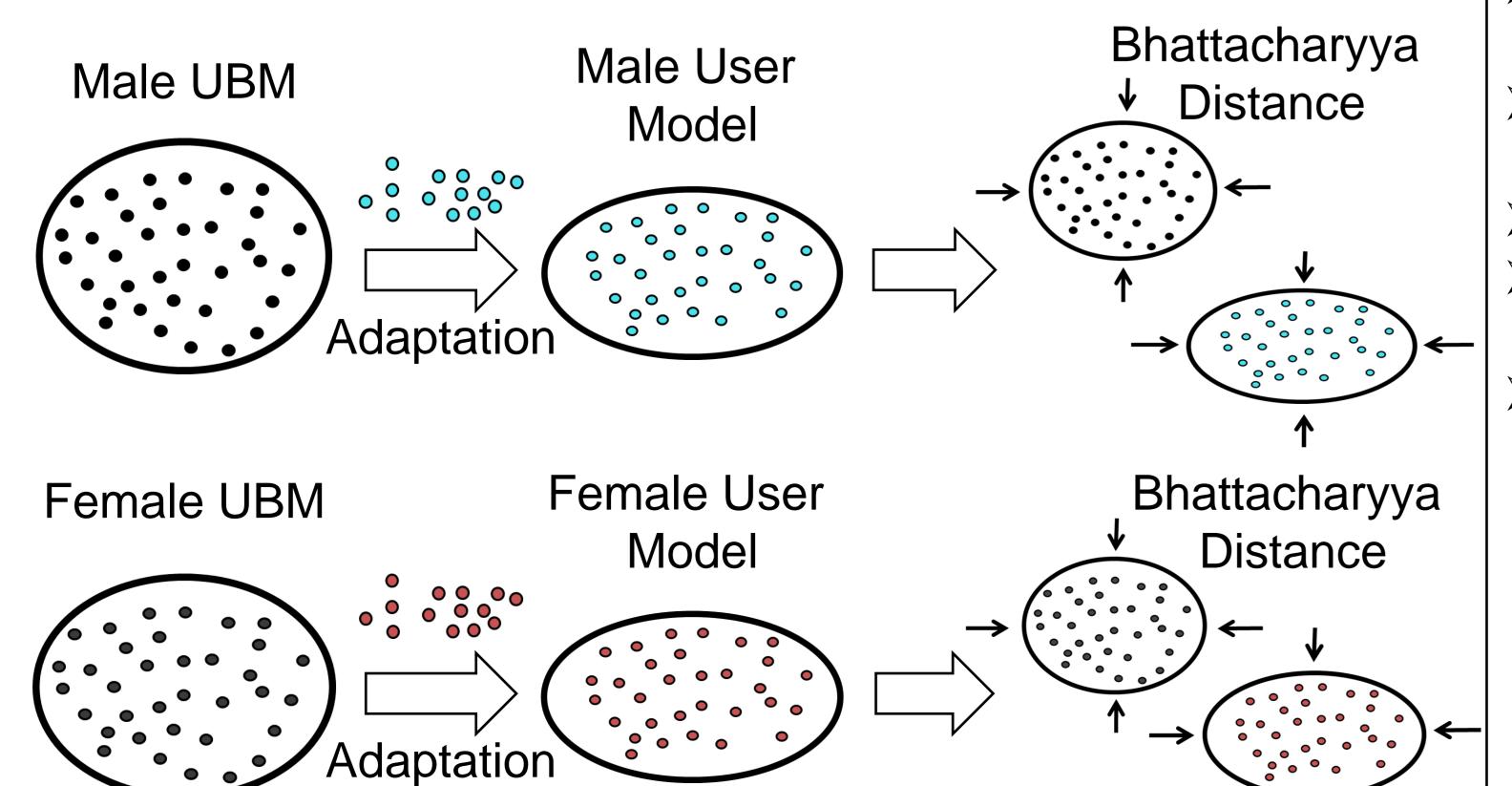


## Data description

The UBMs are trained considering 62 PP (34 male, 28 female) patients and healthy speakers. 50 HC (25 male, 25 female)

Patient	Age	Gender	MDS-UPDRS-III					
			Session 1	Session 2	Session 3			
P1	64	M	28	19	13			
P2	69	M	6	8	24			
P3	68	M	14	25	7			
P4	55	F	29	26	26			
P5	56	F	43	10	19			
P6	51	F	38	49	44			
P7	57	F	41	35	33			

## User modeling

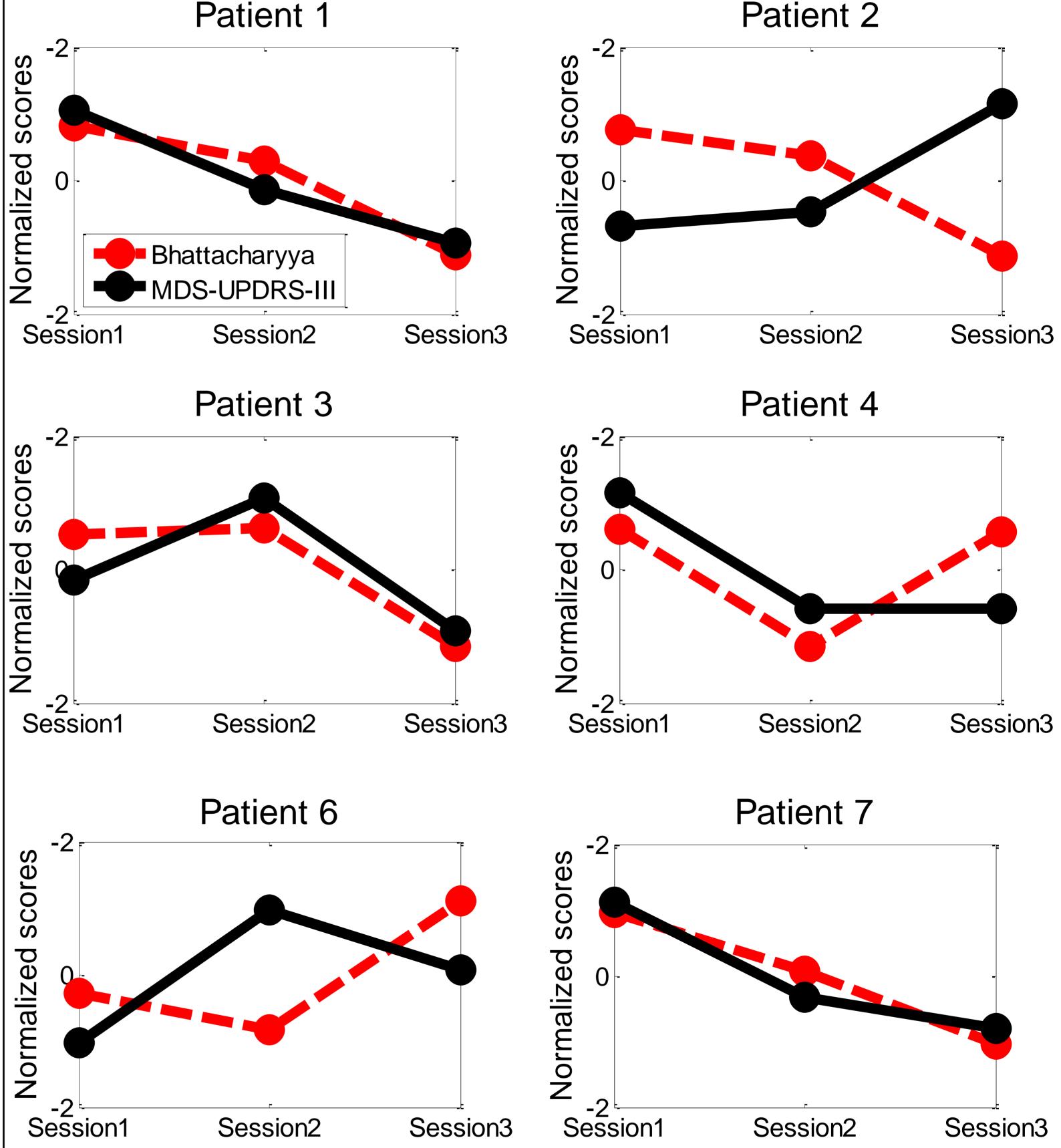


## Experiments

The performance is evaluated estimating the Pearson's correlation between the computed distance and the MDS-UPDRS-III for each patient.

		Male speakers		Female speakers				
UBM	Seg	P1	<b>P2</b>	<b>P3</b>	P4	P5	<b>P6</b>	<b>P7</b>
PP	Voiced	0.90	-0.79	0.44	0.51	-0.05	0.14	0.68
	Unvoiced	0.96	-0.91	0.78	0.61	-0.05	0.65	0.90
HC	Voiced	0.80	-0.99	0.89	-0.98	-0.28	0.80	0.90
	Unvoiced	0.99	0.94	0.72	-0.51	0.48	0.39	0.42
PP+HC	Voiced	0.93	-0.99	0.82	0.52	-0.22	0.70	0.94
	Unvoiced	0.95	0.45	0.78	-0.82	-0.99	0.23	0.61

## PD progression representation



#### Conclusions

- ➤ A methodology to assess Parkinson's disease progression from speech using the GMM-UBM approach is presented.
- The gender-dependence of the proposed approach is analyzed training separate models both for male and female speakers.
- > In general the best results were obtained for the male patients.
- For female patients there is strong variation in the MDS-UPDRS that can not be tracked with the proposed approach.
- This paper is a step forward in the development of computer aided tools for the continuous and unobtrusive monitoring of people with Parkinson's disease.

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